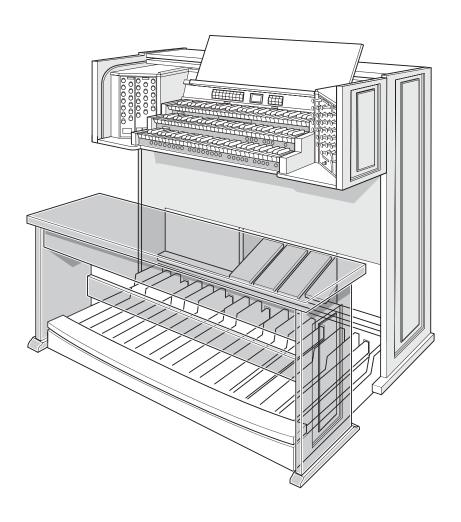
USER MANUAL JOHANNUS REMBRANDT 275, 375, 395 AND 495



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1 SAFETY

1.1 Safety precautions



- Place the organ on a stable, horizontal surface.
- Connect the organ to an electrical outlet with an earth connection.
- Switch the organ off when it is not in use.
- Do not place the organ in a damp area.
- Do not expose the organ to liquids.
- Follow the instructions and precautionary measures in this user manual.
- Keep this user manual with the organ.
- The organ may only be opened by a technician authorised by Johannus Orgelbouw b.v. The organ contains static-sensitive components. The warranty becomes null and void if the organ is opened by a non-authorised person.

1.2 Symbols on the organ



Warning



Warning for electric shock



Warning for static-sensitive components

1.3 Symbols in the manual



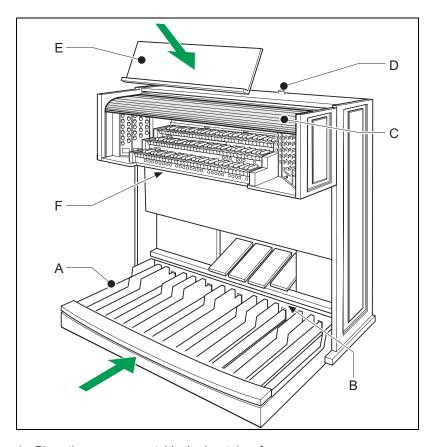
Warning or important information



Note

2 INSTALLATION

2.1 Placement and connection



- 1. Place the organ on a stable, horizontal surface.
- 2. Lean the organ slightly backward.
- 3. Slide the pedalboard (A) against the organ (B).
- 4. Set the organ upright.
- 5. Place the music desk (E), see§ 2.2.
- 6. Place the organ bench over the pedalboard.
- 7. Make sure the voltage of the organ matches the voltage of the mains. See the serial plate (F).
- 8. Connect the organ to an electrical outlet with an earth connection.
- 9. Put the appropriate key in the rolltop cover lock (D).
- 10. Turn the key a quarter turn to the left.
- 11. Slide the rolltop cover (C) upward.

2.2 Placing the music desk

There are two ways to place the music desk on the organ, depending on the model organ that you have.

Placing the music desk with a Rembrandt 275 or 375

- 1. Unfold the fastening rods at the rear of the music desk.
- 2. Slide the fastening rods into the appropriate openings on top of the organ.

The height of the music desk can be set as follows:

- 1. Squeeze the handles at the rear of the music desk and, at the same time, slide the music desk to the desired height.
- 2. Release the handles to fix the height of the music desk.

Placing the music desk with a Rembrandt 395 or 495

1. Place the music desk in the appropriate slots. These slots are in the outside of the cabinets with drawstops.



Fold the music desk forward to close the rolltop cover.

2.3 Switching on

Switch the organ on with the on/off piston at the right, next to the manuals. Wait several seconds. Starting the control functions and the settings takes a little time.

The lamps of the on/off and 0 pistons light and the settings appear on the display.

2.4 Transport and storage

Pay attention to the following during transport and storage:

- Remove the music desk and the pedalboard from the organ.
- Relative humidity within the storage area: 10 to 90%.



2.5 Opening and closing the rolltop cover

The organ can be closed with a wooden rolltop cover that has a lock. The rolltop cover lock is behind the music desk.

Opening

- 1. Put the appropriate key in the rolltop cover lock.
- 2. Turn the key a quarter turn to the left. The lock now rises out of the rolltop.
- 3. Slide the rolltop cover upward.

Closing

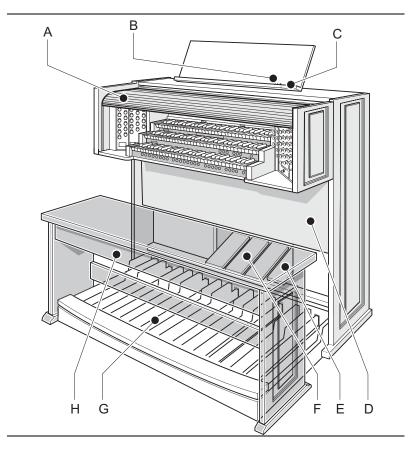


Never leave the key in the area that can be closed.

- 1. Slide the rolltop cover downward.
- 2. Press the rolltop cover lock in.
- 3. Turn the key a quarter turn to the right.

3 DESCRIPTION OF THE ORGAN

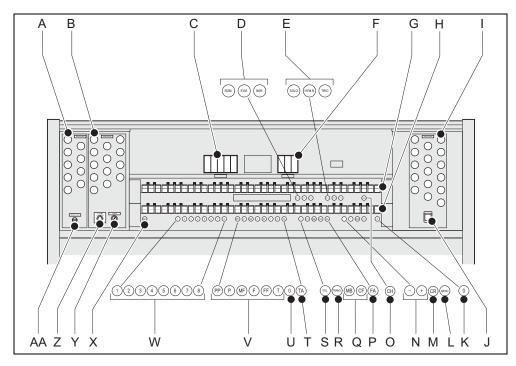
3.1 Overview of the main components



- A Rolltop cover
- B Rolltop cover lock
- C Music desk
- D Loudspeakers

- E General Crescendo pedal
- F Expression pedals
- G Pedalboard
- H Organ bench

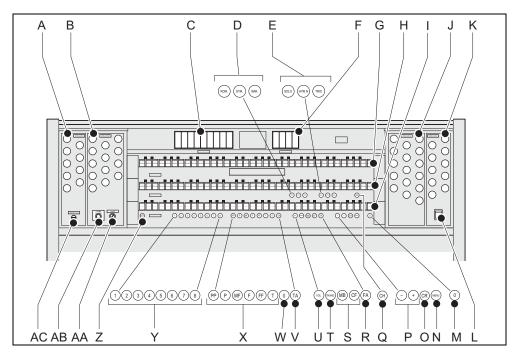
3.2 Overview of Rembrandt 275 controls



- A Pedalboard stops
- B Great stops
- C Accessories
- D Main group intonations
- E Subgroup intonations
- F Accessories
- G Manual Swell
- H Manual Great stops
- I Swell stops
- J On/off
- K 0-piston and reset piston
- L MENU
- M General Crescendo
- N and + pistons

- O Chorus accessory
- P Fix Accessories
- Q Manual Bass and Cantus Firmus couplers
- R Transposer
- S Volume
- T Reeds Off accessory
- U 0-piston and reset piston
- V Preprogrammed memory locations
- W Capture memory locations
- X SET/Enter
- Y Length acoustics
- Z Volume acoustics
- AA Memory lock

3.3 Overview of Rembrandt 375 controls

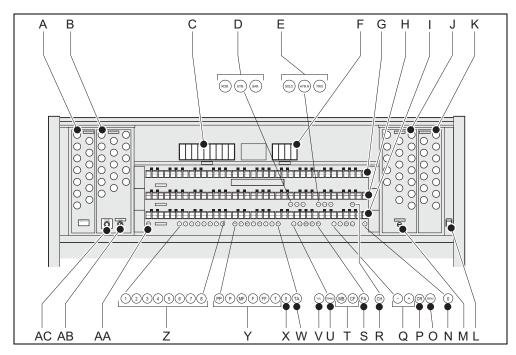


- A Pedalboard stops
- B Great stops
- C Accessories
- D Main group intonations
- E Subgroup intonations
- F Accessories
- G Manual Swell
- H Manual Great stops
- I Manual Choir
- J Swell stops
- K Choir stops
- L On/off
- M 0-piston and reset piston
- N MENU
- O General Crescendo

- P and + pistons
- Q Chorus accessories
- R Fix Accessories
- S Manual Bass and Cantus Firmus couplers
- T Transposer
- U Volume
- V Reeds Off accessory
- W 0-piston and reset piston
- X Preprogrammed memory locations
- Y Capture memory locations
- Z SET/Enter
- AA Length acoustics
- AB Volume acoustics
- AC Memory lock



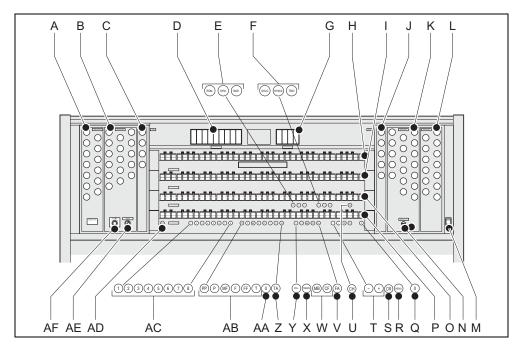
3.4 Overview of Rembrandt 395 controls



- A Pedalboard stops
- B Great stops
- C Accessories
- D Main group intonations
- E Subgroup intonations
- F Accessories
- G Manual Swell
- H Manual Great stops
- I Manual Choir
- J Swell stops
- K Choir stops
- L On/off
- M Memory lock
- N 0-piston and reset piston
- O MENU

- P General Crescendo
- Q and + pistons
- R Chorus accessories
- S Fix Accessories
- T Manual Bass and Cantus Firmus couplers
- U Transposer
- V Volume
- W Reeds Off accessory
- X 0-piston and reset piston
- Y Preprogrammed memory locations
- Z Capture memory locations
- AA SET/Enter
- AB Length acoustics
- AC Volume acoustics

3.5 Overview of Rembrandt 495 controls



Δ	Pedalboard stops	\circ	0-piston and reset piston
$\overline{}$	i c ualbualu stubs	CJ	U-DISIUH AHU TESEL DISIUH

B Great stops R MENU

C Solo stops S General Crescendo

D Accessories T - and + pistons

E Main group intonations U Chorus accessories

F Subgroup intonations V Fix Accessories

G Accessories W Manual Bass and Cantus Firmus couplers

H Manual Solo X Transposer

Manual Swell Y Volume

J Solo stops Z Reeds Off accessory

K Swell stops AA 0-piston and reset piston

L Choir stops AB Preprogrammed memory locations

M On/off AC Capture memory locations

N Memory lock AD SET/Enter

O Manual Great AE Length acoustics

P Manual Choir AF Volume acoustics



3.6 Connecting and switching on the accessories

You can connect accessories (for example, a MIDI device) to the organ.

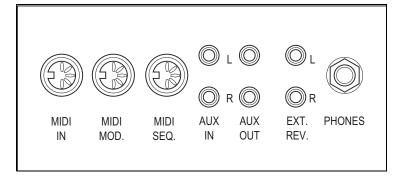


Follow the instructions provided in the documentation for the accessory.

- 1. Switch off the organ and the accessory.
- 2. Connect the accessory to the organ.
- 3. Switch the accessory on.
- 4. Switch the organ on.

3.7 External connections

The external connections are on the left under the console.



- MIDI IN: This is an input for receiving MIDI codes from other devices.
- MIDI MOD.: This is a programmable MIDI output for connecting a module or expander, for example.
- **MIDI SEQ.**: This is a non-programmable MIDI output for connecting a sequencer or PC (with the optional Johannus Intonat program), for example.
- AUX IN: This is a (stereo) input for playing the sound of an external device through the amplifiers of the organ. For example, an expander that is connected to the organ through the MIDI MOD. can be played through the instrument's loudspeakers.



The volume of the device that is connected through the AUX IN cannot be adjusted with the general volume or the expression pedals. However, this is possible if the volume setting of the external device is controlled by means of MIDI codes through the MIDI MOD. connection of the instrument.



- **AUX OUT**: This is an output for connecting an external (stereo) amplifier.
- EXT. REV.: This is an output for connecting Johannus external acoustics. This is a system that imitates the spatial effect of a concert hall or cathedral.



Do not use this output for other purposes.

PHONES: This connection for a (stereo) headphone is suited for a headphone with an impedance of 30 Ω or higher (see headphone specifications).



When the headphone is used, the internal and/or external loudspeakers of the organ are automatically switched off.



4 OPERATION

4.1 Expression pedals

Expression pedals adjust the volumes of the different Solo stops (Solo is only possible with an organ that has four keyboards), Choir (Choir is only possible with an organ that has three keyboards), Great stops/Pedal and Swell

4.2 Acoustics

The acoustics rotary controls produce a digital acoustic effect. This effect provides a spatial reproduction of the organ sound that can be adjusted smoothly.

- Turn the left-hand rotary control in for the volume of a 2D echo (standard echo for clearer and more transparent sound).
- Turn the right-hand rotary control for the length of a 2D echo. Pull out the switch on the rotary control for a 3D echo (extra addition to the echo for a fuller sound).

4.3 Intonations

The intonations are divided into a main group and a subgroup.

The main group consists of:

- Romantic (ROM)
- Symphonic (SYM)
- Baroque (BAR)

The subgroup consists of:

- Classic
- Solo (SOLO)
- Hymn (HYMN)
- Trio (TRIO)
- 1. Select a main group by pressing the ROM, SYM or BAR piston.
- 2. Then select a subgroup by pressing the SOLO, HYMN or TRIO piston.



If no subgroup is chosen, Classic is automatically selected.





4.4 Factory intonation

Save the intonation settings



In order to save the intonation settings, you need the Johannus intonation programme.

- 1. Connect a PC to the organ. Use the MIDI SEQ. output, see § 3.7.
- Save the intonation settings on the PC using the intonation programme of Johannus.

Restore the factory intonation



The current intonation settings will be lost if the settings are not saved on a PC.

- 1. Switch off the organ.
- 2. Press pistons 1 and 8. Hold the pistons.
- 3. Switch on the organ.
- 4. Wait until the lamp in the 0-piston lights up.
- 5. Release pistons 1 and 8.

4.5 Stops

The stops are activated by means of draw stops or through the capture memory. See § 4.11.1. The lamp in the draw stop is lit when the associated stop is active.

The stops have been divided into four main groups:

- **Pedalboard**: Activates the stops associated with the pedalboard.
- Great: Activates the stops associated with the Great.
- **Swell**: Activates the stops associated with the Swell.
- **Choir**: Activates the stops associated with the Choir (only with an organ that has three keyboards).
- Solo: Activates the stops associated with Solo (only with an organ that has four keyboards).





4.6 Couplers

- **Manual coupler**: Fully couples all keys of the Swell to the Great. Activate the manual coupler through the following stops:
 - Swell Great:
 - Choir Great (only with an organ that has three keyboards);
 - Swell Choir (only with an organ that has three keyboards);
 - Choir Solo (only with an organ that has four keyboards);
 - Great Solo (only with an organ that has four keyboards);
 - Swell Solo (only with an organ that has four keyboards).
- **Pedal coupler**: Fully couples all keys of the Great or the Swell to the pedal. Activate a pedal coupler through the following stops:
 - Great Pedal:
 - Swell Pedal;
 - Choir Pedal (only with an organ that has three keyboards);
 - Solo Pedal (only with an organ that has four keyboards).
- Manual Bass (MB): Couples the pedal monophone to the Great. Only the lowest note that is played on the Great is coupled from the pedal to the Great. Use the MB button to activate the Manual Bass.
- Cantus Firmus (CF): Couples the Swell monophone to the Great. Only the highest tone played on the Swell is coupled to the Great. Use the CF button to activate the Cantus Firmus.

4.7 Accessories

- **Chorus (CH)**: Is a function for lightly detuning the organ stops to give it a broader and livelier sound. Use the CH piston to activate the Chorus.
- **Fix Accessories (FA)**: This is a function for fixing accessories. As long as this piston is active, the couplers and tremulants can only be switched on and off manually.
- Reeds Off (RO): This is a function to switch off all reeds simultaneously.
 As long as this piston is pressed, no reeds can be activated. When this function is switched off, the reeds that were on are activated again.
 Activate the Reeds Off function using the RO piston.
- **General Crescendo pedal (CR)**: This is a function for switching the General Crescendo pedal on and off. See § 4.11.11.

4.8 Changing the registration

The 0-piston cancels registrations in two ways:

- A short press on the 0-piston: Only the last change is cancelled.
- A long press on the 0-piston: All registrations are cancelled.





4.9 Memory lock

The memory lock protects your settings.

- 1. Turn the key switch to the right to set the memory to 'open'. The SET piston lights.
- 2. Turn the key switch to the left to set the memory to 'closed'. The SET piston goes out.



As long as the memory lock is closed, it is not possible to save new settings in the memory.

4.10 Preprogrammed memory locations

Preprogrammed memory locations are available by operating pistons PP to T. These six memory locations have factory settings (presets) appropriate for the quiet pianissimo to the loud tutti.

Calling up a preprogrammed memory location

1. Press a preprogrammed memory location (PP-T) in. The active stops light up.

Programming a preprogrammed memory location



The current setting of the preprogrammed memory location will be lost.



The programming of a preprogrammed memory location is limited to the text on the piston. For example, it is not advisable to program a pianissimo registration under the tutti piston.

- 1. Check that the key switch is to the right.
- 2. Select the desired stops.
- 3. Push the SET piston in. Hold the piston down.
- 4. Press the desired preprogrammed memory location (PP-T) in.
- 5. Release the preprogrammed memory location piston (PP-T).
- 6. Release the SET piston.





4.11 Easy Menu

The Easy Menu is an operating system whose settings can be read on the display. The Easy Menu is operated with the - and + buttons, the SET and the MENU buttons.



The functions in the Easy Menu can only be selected when the memory lock is open. This can be seen on the SET button. If this is not lit, the memory lock is closed.

The Easy Menu consists of the following functions:

- Capture memory (directly accessible)
- Generaal volume (directly accessible)
- Transposer (directly accessible)
- Tuning Mode
- Temperaments
- Programming your own temperament
- Keyboard Mode
- Reset Procedures
- Data Dump
- Demo Songs
- Standard Intonation
- General Crescendo pedal
- Programming MIDI stops

4.11.1 Capture memory

By using the capture memory, a regisration can be activated with just one button. The capture memory consists of eight levels. Each level has eight memory locations. These levels can be seen on the display (Mem:..). The 256 capture memory locations are empty at the start and can be programmed by the musician.

Programming a capture memory location



The current setting of the capture memory location will be lost.

- 1. Select the desired stops.
- 2. Use the and + buttons to select a level (1-32) on the display.
- 3. Press the SET button. Hold the button down.
- 4. Push the desired memory location (1-8) in.
- 5. Release the SET button.





Calling up a capture memory location

- 1. Use the and + buttons to select the desired level (1-32) on the display.
- 2. Push the desired memory location (1-8) in. The active stops light up.

4.11.2 General Volume

The set volume can be read on the display (Vol:..).



The volume can only be programmed when the VOL. piston is lit.

- 1. Push the VOL piston in.
- 2. Use the and + pistons to set the volume.
- 3. Press the SET piston to save the volume in the memory.



The volume change is in the memory. When the organ is switched on again, the programmed volume will be active.

4.11.3 Transposer

The Transposer function shifts the pitch by half-tone increments (from -8 to +8). The set pitch can be read on the display (Trans:..).



The pitch can only be programmed when the TRANS. piston is lit.

Changing the transposer

- 1. Push the TRANS piston in.
- 2. Use the and + pistons to set the pitch.



The pitch shift is not stored in memory. When the organ is switched on again, the most recently programmed pitch will be active.

Programming the transposer

- 1. Push the TRANS piston in.
- 2. Use the and + pistons to set the pitch.
- 3. Press the SET piston.



The pitch shift is stored in memory. When the organ is switched on again, the programmed pitch will be active.



4.11.4 Tuning Mode

The Tuning Mode function shifts the pitch in fourteen steps of 1 Hz (from 426 Hz to 454 Hz). The set pitch can be read on the display.

Programming the Tuning Mode

- 1. Push the MENU piston in.
- 2. Use the and + pistons to select the Tuning Mode function on the display.
- 3. Push the SET piston in. The display shows the current tuning settings (Adjust Tune: ...Hz).
- 4. Use the and + pistons to set the desired pitch.
- 5. Push the SET piston in. The selected settings are stored in the memory and you return automatically to the main menu.
- 6. Press the MENU piston in to exit the Easy Menu.

4.11.5 Temperaments

The Temperaments function sets the temperament.



This setting cannot be saved. When the organ is switched on again, this is automatically at Equal.

- 1. Press the MENU piston.
- 2. Use the and + pistons to select the Temperaments function on the display.
- 3. Press the SET piston. The display shows the current temperament.
- 4. Use the and + pistons to select the desired temperament.



You can choose from twelve temperaments:

- Equal: Normal or equal temperament
- Young II
 - Vallotti
 - Kirnberger II
 - Kirnberger III
 - Neidhardt III
 - Werckmeister III
 - 1/6 **Meantone**: Meantone temperament
 - 1/5 **Meantone**: Meantone temperament
 - 1/4 **Meantone**: Meantone temperament
 - Pythagorean
 - Custom
- 5. Press the MENU piston to return to the main menu.
- 6. Press the MENU piston again to exit the Easy Menu.





4.11.6 Keyboard Mode

The Keyboard Mode function sets the operation of the keys.



This function is not available with organs that have wooden keyboards.

- 1. Press the MENU piston.
- 2. Use the and + pistons to select the Keyboard Mode function on the display.
- 3. Press the SET piston. The display shows the current manual setting of one of the manuals.
- 4. Use the and + pistons to select the manual the setting of which must be changed.



- Solo: Solo (only with an organ that has four keyboards)
- **Choir**: Choir (only with an organ that has three keyboards)
- Great: Great
 Swell: Swell
- 5. Press the SET piston.
- 6. Use the and + pistons to select a setting for the operation of the keys.



- High: The keys respond when they are touched very lightly.
- **Low**: The keys respond when they are pressed further.
- Velocity: The keys are force-sensitive.
- 7. Press the SET piston. The manual setting is now saved in the memory.
- 8. Press the MENU piston to return to the main menu.
- 9. Press the MENU piston again to exit the Easy Menu.

4.11.7 Reset Procedures

The Reset Procedures function is used to delete the capture memory, or to reset a number of settings to the factory settings.

- 1. Press the MENU button.
- 2. Use the and + buttons to select the Reset Procedures function on the display.
- 3. Press the SET button. The display shows the menu for the Reset Procedures.
- 4. Use the and + buttons to select the desired procedure.



- Memory: Clear the entire capture memory.
- MIDI: Resets the factory settings of the MIDI stops.
- Preset: Resets the factory settings of the fixed combinations.
- Crescendo: Resets the factory settings of the General Crescendo pedal.
- 5. Press the SET button. The display requests confirmation.
- 6. Use the and + buttons for No or Yes.
- 7. Press the SET button for confirmation.
- 8. Press the MENU button to return to the main menu.
- 9. Press the MENU button again to exit the Easy Menu.

4.11.8 Data Dump Mode

The Data Dump Mode function sends settings from the organ to a storage medium (for example a sequencer) through the MIDI SEQ. output. See § 3.7.

- 1. Press the MENU piston.
- 2. Use the and + pistons to select the Data Dump Mode function on the display.
- 3. Press the SET piston. The Press Set to send data text appears on the display.
- 4. Make sure the desired storage medium is properly connected.
- 5. Press the SET piston again. When data is being sent, Sending data appears on the display.



Do not use the organ when the Sending Data text is on the display.

- 6. Press the MENU piston to return to the main menu.
- 7. Press the MENU piston again to exit the Easy Menu.





4.11.9 Demo Songs

The Demo Songs function plays twelve different demo songs.

- 1. Press the MENU piston.
- 2. Use the and + pistons to select the Demo Songs
- 3. Press the SET piston. The title and composer of the first demo song appear on the display.
- 4. Use the and + pistons to select one of the twelve demo songs.
- 5. Press the SET piston to select a demo song.
- 6. Use the and + pistons to choose whether to play the selected demo song (play one) or all demo songs (play all).
- 7. Press the SET piston to start playing the selected demo song(s) and.
- a. Press the <u>right</u> 0 piston for several seconds to stop playing the demo song.
- b. Press the and + pistons before or during playing to adjust the volume.
- 8. After playing the demo song(s), press the MENU piston. You return automatically to the main menu.
- 9. Press the MENU piston again to exit the Easy Menu.

4.11.10 Standard Intonation

The Standard Intonation function saves the desired standard intonation in the memory.

- 1. Press the MENU piston.
- 2. Use the and + pistons to select the Std. Intonation function.
- 3. Press the SET piston. The display shows the set intonation.
- 4. Use the and + pistons to select a (Romantic, Symphonic or Baroque) intonation that must be activated when the organ is switched on
- 5. Press the SET piston. The selected intonation is stored in the memory. After this, the Chorus ON/ OFF option appears on the display.
- 6. Use the and + pistons to select if the Chorus (CH) accessory is switched on or off when the organ is switched on.
- 7. Press the SET piston. The selected setting is stored in the memory.



It is only necessary to change the settings of this option if the organ is equipped with a Surround 2.1 system.





- a. Use the and + pistons to select ON or OFF to switch the Surround system on or off. Select OFF to exit the Std. Intonation function. Select ON to go to the volume settings of the Surround system.
- b. Use the and + pistons to select the volume for the left channel.
- c. Press the SET piston. The selected volume is stored in the memory.
- d. Use the and + pistons to select the volume for the right channel.
- e. Press the SET piston. The selected volume is stored in the memory. You return automatically to the main menu.
- 8. Press the MENU piston to exit the Easy Menu.

4.11.11 General Crescendo pedal

With a General Crescendo pedal different registrations can be activated in steps. These registrations start with very quiet (pianissimo) to very loud (tutti).

Activate the General Crescendo pedal

When the General Crescendo pedal is not activated, the CR: -- message is on the display.

 Press the CR piston to activate the General Crescendo pedal. The display indicates which step has been set.

Change the General Crescendo pedal

The default set stop combinations of the crescendo steps can be changed and saved in the memory.



Only step 0 cannot be changed.

- 1. First press the CR piston and then the MENU piston.
- 2. Use the and + pistons to select the step to be changed.
- 3. Set the desired registration for the step.
- 4. Press the SET piston.
- 5. Select another step to be changed, if desired.
- 6. Press the MENU piston to switch off the programming function.
- 7. Press the CR piston to switch off the General Crescendo function.





4.11.12 Programming MIDI stops

MIDI is a protocol for communication between the organ and other devices, such as:

- PC
- Sequencer
- Other musical instruments

With the programmable MIDI stops, you can control any module voice (1-128) through any MIDI channel (1-16).

- 1. Press the MENU piston. MIDI Program appears on the display.
- 2. Press the SET piston. MIDI: appears on the display.
- 3. Select the MIDI stop to be programmed (for example MIDI Swell stops). On the display, after MIDI:, there now appears the selected stop.
- 4. Use the and + pistons to select the desired MIDI channel (Channel:..).
- 5. Press the SET piston.
- 6. Use the and + pistons to select the desired MIDI voice number (Voice:..).
- 7. Press the SET piston. The selected adjustments are now stored in memory.
- 8. Select another MIDI stop to be programmed, if desired.
- 9. Press the MENU piston to return to the main menu.
- 10. Press the MENU piston again to exit the Easy Menu.





5 MAINTENANCE, PROBLEMS AND WARRANTY

5.1 Maintenance

Overview

Component	Maintenance	Frequency
Cabinet	Cleaning. See § 5.1.1.	As required
Manuals	Cleaning and removing scratches. See § 5.1.2.	As required

5.1.1 Cabinet maintenance

The cabinet is made of solid wood and wood veneer.



- Do not use furniture polish or teak oil to clean the organ cabinet.
- Direct sunlight may discolour the organ cabinet.
- 1. Clean the cabinet with a damp cloth.
- 2. Rub the cabinet dry with a lint-free cloth.

5.1.2 Maintenance of the manuals

The manuals are made of plastic.



Do not use aggressive cleaning agents such as paint thinner or acetone to remove dirt.

- 1. Clean the manuals with a damp cloth.
- 2. Rub the manuals dry with a lint-free cloth.
- 3. Remove any scratches with car polish.

5.2 Problems

Overview

Problem	Cause	Solution
Pedal does not work properly	The pedal magnet is making poor contact with the magnetic switch at the rear of the pedalboard.	Reposition the pedal. See § 5.2.1.
Organ functions do not work properly	The organ is not earthed.	Connect the organ to an electrical outlet with an earth connection.



5.2.1 Repositioning the pedal

- 1. Make sure the organ is placed on a stable, horizontal surface.
- 2. Lean the organ slightly backward.
- 3. Slide the pedal against the pedalboard
- 4. Set the organ upright.
- 5. Make sure the pedalboard works properly.
- 6. Contact your dealer if the pedalboard does not work properly.

5.3 Warranty

The conditions are specified in the warranty certificate. The warranty becomes null and void if changes or repairs are made to the organ by persons or organisations that are not authorised by Johannus Orgelbouw b.v.





6 **MIDI IMPLEMENTATIONS**

MIDI Implementation Chart 6.1

JOHANNUS Organs Date: April 2005 Version 1.00 MIDI Implementation Chart

MIDI Implementation Chart

Functions		Transmitted	Recognized	Remarks
Basic Channel	Default Changes	See MIDI Specs See MIDI Specs	See MIDI Specs	See MIDI Specs
Mode	Default Messages Altered	Mode 3 N *********	Mode 3 N N	
Note Number	True Voice	36-96 *******		
Velocity	Note ON Note OFF	9nH v=1-127 9nH (v=64) 9nH (v=0)	9nH v=1-127 9nH v=1-127 9nH v=0, 8nH v=*	Velocity ON Velocity OFF *=irrelevant
After Touch	Keys Channels	N N		
Pitch Bend		N		
Control Change	7 11 100/101/6 100/101/6	Y Y Y	Y Y Y	General volume Expr. pedals Pitch Transposer
Program Change	: True#	See MIDI Specs	See MIDI Specs See MIDI Specs	See MIDI Specs See MIDI Specs
System Exclusive		See MIDI Specs	See MIDI Specs	See MIDI Specs
Common	: Song Pos : Song Sel : Tune	N N N	N N N	
System RealTime	: Clock : Commands	N N	N N	
Aux	: Reset All Contr. : Local ON/OFF : All Notes OFF : Active Sense : Reset	N N Y N N	N N Y N N	
Notes		¹ Depends on number of divisions		

Mode 1: OMNY ON, POLY

Mode 2: OMNY ON, MONO

Y = YES

Mode 3: OMNY OFF, POLY

Mode 4: OMNY OFF, MONO

N = NO

6.2 MIDI specifications

This paragraph contains more details about the specifications in the MIDI Implementation Chart.

6.2.1 Default basic channels (transmitted/recognized)

2-manual instrument (with standard keyboard layout):

- 1: Great stops
- 2: Swell stops
- 3: Pedal stops
- 12: Stops

3-manual instrument (with standard keyboard layout):

- 1: Choir
- 2: Great stops
- 3: Swell stops
- 4: Pedal stops
- 12: Stops

4-manual instrument (with standard keyboard layout):

- 1: Solo
- 2: Choir
- 3: Great stops
- 4: Swell stops
- 5: Pedal stops
- 12: Stops

6.2.2 Basic channel changes (transmitted)

Can be programmed with the MIDI program.



6.2.3 Control changes (transmitted)

Controller 7 (07h) General volume, with volume values 40 (28h) 127

(7Fh).

Controller 11 (0Bh) Expression pedals, with volume values 63 (3Fh) -

127 (7Fh).

Controller 6 (06h) Pitch, with pitch values 33 (21h) - 95 (5Fh).

Pitch value 64 (40h) = A = 440Hz. The following applies to the pitch:

LSB 100 (64h) 1 (01h) and the MSB 101 (65h)

0 (00h).

Transposer, with transposer values 61 (3Dh) - 67

(43h).

The transposer value 64 (40h) = A = 440Hz.

The following applies to the transposer:

LSB 100 (64h) 2 (02H) and the MSB 101 (65h)

0 (00h).

6.2.4 Control changes (recognized)

Controller 7 (07h) General volume, with volume values 0 (00h)- 127

(7Fh).

Controller 11 (0Bh) Expression pedals, with volume values 0 (00Fh) -

127 (7Fh).

6.2.5 Program changes (transmitted/recognized)

Organ stops: This depends on the number of stops and the sequence of stops.

MIDI stops (programmable): 1-128.

6.2.6 System exclusive messages (transmitted/recognized)

Each 'sys ex' (system exclusive) message largely looks the same. The first 7 bytes and the last byte are always the same. Only the value of the 8th byte varies. This is the 'sys ex message' that Johannus generally uses: F0 00 4A 4F 48 41 53 XX F7 (hexadecimal).

Therefore, with the 'sys ex messages' described below, only the value of the 8th byte (XX) is given, and from which output it is transmitted.

All stops off

The 'all stops off' sys ex code is 7F. This sys ex code is transmitted through the MIDI SEQ. output when the 0 button is pressed for a long time. When an 'all stops off' sys ex code is received, all stops on the instrument are switched off.

Pushbutton values

When a button is pressed, a sys ex code is transmitted with the value of the button that is pressed (for example PP = 00 P = 01) through the MIDI MOD. output.

These sys ex codes are only important when the Johannus sound module CSM 128 is connected to your instrument.

Other MIDI codes (transmitted)

Press the 0 button to transmit the sys ex code, 'all stops off' and all volume settings through the MIDI SEQ. output.

Sys ex code stops (Program Changes)

When a MIDI stop is switched on and off, besides the usual Program Change, an extra Program Change code (preceded by the sys ex code 3F) is transmitted through the MIDI SEQ. output. This is to distiguish between a 'normal' organ stop and a MIDI stop before transmitting a module. When a stop is switched on and off, the following codes are transmitted:

Organ stop: Through MIDI SEQ.: CB XX MIDI stop: Through MIDI MOD.: CX XX.

Through MIDI SEQ.: CB XX and 3F CX XX





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